Reg. No.

I Semester B.C.A.4 Degree Examination, Nov./Dec. 2018 **MATHEMATICS – I (Regular/Repeater)**

Time: 3 Hours

Instructions : *a*) *Answer all* Sections as per instructions. b) Use of simple calculator is allowed.

SECTION – A

I. Answer all questions.

1) a) Express
$$\frac{3+4i}{3-4i}$$
 in the form x + iy.

- b) Simplify $\frac{\left(\cos\theta + i\sin\theta\right)^{10}}{\left(\cos 2\theta i\sin 2\theta\right)^{-4}}$
- c) Find 20th term of the sequence 5, 8, 11,
- d) If a, b, c are in G. P. then find G. M. between a and c.
- e) Expand using Binomial Theorem $(a + b)^3$.
- f) The angle of elevation of the top of tower at a distance of 100 metres is 30° , find its height.
- g) Find the unit vector in the direction of the vector $\overrightarrow{a} = i + j + k$.
- h) Find the projection of \overrightarrow{a} on \overrightarrow{b} if $\overrightarrow{a} = 2i + 3i + 5k$ and $\overrightarrow{b} = 2i i + 2k$.
- i) Find the co-ordinates of the midpoint of the line joining the points (4, 7) and (6, 9).
- i) Find the co-ordinate of the point which divides internally the line joining points (1, 3) and (2, 7) in the ratio 3 : 4.

II. Answer any four questions.

2) Find the conjugate of the complex number and express it in the form

x + iy. Z =
$$\frac{2-i}{2+i} + \frac{1+3i}{1-3i}$$

3) Find the sum of 7 + 77 + 777 + ... to 'n' terms.

4) Find the 7th term in expansion of
$$\left(3x^2 - \frac{y}{3}\right)^2$$

- 5) In any Triangle ABC prove that a $(\sin B \sin C) + b(\sin C \sin A) + c (\sin A \sin B) = 0$.
- 6) Show that the points (2, -3), (-6, 5) and (-8, 7) are collinear.

III. Answer **any four** of the following.

7) a) Simplify =
$$\frac{\left[\cos 3\theta + i \sin 3\theta\right]^5 \cdot \left[\cos 2\theta - i \sin 2\theta\right]^3}{\left[\cos 4\theta + i \sin 4\theta\right]^2 \cdot \left[\cos 5\theta - i \sin 5\theta\right]^4}$$

b) Express $\left(\frac{2+i}{3+i}\right)^2$ in the form x + iy. (5+5)

P.T.O.

 $(4 \times 10 = 40)$

41122/A 220

Max. Marks:80

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

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- 8) a) Find the Three Numbers in A. P. whose sum of three Numbers is 21 and their product is 280.
 - b) Insert five geometric means between 3 and 192. (5+5)
- 9) a) Find the middle term in the expansion of $\left(x + \frac{2}{x}\right)^8$
 - b) If α and β are the roots of the equation $3x^2 + 5x + 1 = 0$ then find the values of $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta}$. (5+5)
- 10) a) Find the cosine of the angle between the pairs of vectors $\overrightarrow{a} = i + j + k$ and b) Find the area of parallelogram whose adjacent sides are 3i + 2j + k and 5i + 3j - 4k.
 - (5+5)
- 11) a) Find the equation of the straight line passing through (-1, 5) and having slope $\frac{2}{7}$.
 - b) Find the point of intersection of the lines 2x + 3y + 7 = 0 and 3x 5y + 1 = 0. (5+5)