

Reg. No.				

III Semester B.C.A.4 Degree Examination, November/December 2018 DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES (Theory) (Regular)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1) Draw neat diagrams wherever required.

- 2) Simple calculators are allowed.
- 3) Answer the questions as per the instructions.

1. Answer **all** the following questions.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

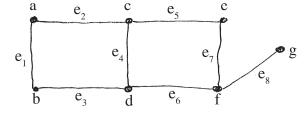
- a) If p is false and q is true, find the truth value of $(p \rightarrow \sim q)$.
- b) Define existential quantifier.
- c) If $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ and $B = \{d, e, f, g\}$, compute the cardinality of (B A).
- d) Define pigeon hole principle.
- e) What do you mean by an algebraic system?
- f) Define a Monoid.
- g) Obtain the recurrence relation for the fibonacci sequence.
- h) State the counting rule of Sum.
- i) What is a multigraph?
- j) Define tree.

SECTION - B

Answer **any 4** questions of the following.

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

- 2. Construct the truth table of $(p \land q) \rightarrow (\sim r)$.
- 3. Mention any 4 operations on sets with Mathematical notation and Venn diagram for each operation.
- 4. Prove that $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots = \frac{1}{2} \cdot n \cdot (n + 1)$, by Mathematical induction.
- 5. If a * b = a + b + 3 for all $a, b \in z$, the set of integers, prove that (z, *) is an abelian group.
- 6. Define bipartite graph and draw corresponding bipartite graph of the following graph.



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SECTION - C

Answer any 4 questions of the following.

 $(10 \times 4 = 40)$

- 7. a) Write a note on well-formed formulas (wff).
 - b) Test whether the following argument is valid

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
p & \rightarrow & \sim q \\
\sim r & \rightarrow & p \\
& & \\
\hline
& & \\
\hline
& & \\
\end{array}$$
(5+5)

- 8. a) In a sample of 100 chips, 23 have a defect D₁, 26 have a defect of D₂, 30 have a defect of D₃, 7 have defects of D₁ and D₂, 8 have defects of D₁ and D₃, 10 have defects D₂ and D₃ and 3 have all the three defects. Find the number of chips having:
 - i) At least one defect
 - ii) No defect
 - b) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\}$ and R be a relation on A, defined by $R = \{(1, 1), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 1), (3, 3), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 4), (6, 1), (6, 2), (6, 3), (6, 6)\}$. Represent the relation R as matrix and draw its digraph. (5+5)
- 9. a) Show that $G = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ is an abelian group under addition modulo 6.
 - b) Define Rings and Fields.

(5+5)

- 10. a) Find the number of permutations of the word "PEPPER" and permutations if all P's together.
 - b) Out of 6 boys and 4 girls a committee of 6 is to be formed. In how many ways can this be done if the committee contains
 - i) 2 girls

ii) at least 2 girls (5+5)

- 11. Define any 4 of the following terms related to graph theory.
 - i) Graph
 - ii) In-degree
 - iii) Out-degree
 - iv) Adjacency matrix
 - v) Isomorphic graph.

